

# 入学試験問題(1次)

## 外国語

令和4年1月24日

13時10分—14時10分

### 注意事項

- 1 試験開始の合図があるまで、この問題冊子を開かないこと。
- 2 この問題冊子は表紙・白紙を除き13ページである。落丁、乱丁、印刷不鮮明の箇所等があった場合は申し出ること。
- 3 解答には必ず黒鉛筆(またはシャープペンシル)を使用すること。
- 4 解答は、各設問ごとに一つだけ選び、解答用紙の所定の解答欄の該当する記号を塗りつぶすこと。
- 5 解答を訂正する場合は、消しゴムできれいに消すこと。
- 6 監督員の指示に従って、問題冊子の表紙の指定欄に受験番号を記入し、解答用紙の指定欄に受験番号、受験番号のマーク、氏名を記入すること。
- 7 この問題冊子の余白は、草稿用に使用してよい。ただし、切り離してはならない。
- 8 解答用紙およびこの問題冊子は、持ち帰ってはならない。

受験番号					
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上の枠内に受験番号を記入しなさい。

I. 次の英文を読み、1～9の問題に最も適した答えを選べ。

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1. According to the reading, what is true about honeybees?
  - A. The first organized use was in Christian monasteries in Europe.
  - B. Branches of the genus depend on shape of their homes.
  - C. Human activity has strengthened reproductive rates of bees.
  - D. Four inventions increased beekeeping profits during the Enlightenment.
  
2. Why did *Apis mellifera* become the dominant species used in agriculture?
  - A. It expanded with human-assisted migration.
  - B. It is naturally found in North America.
  - C. It can survive Colony Collapse Disorder.
  - D. It has less aggressive behavior than other species.
  
3. How did beekeeping become more marketable?
  - A. Development programs were highly successful.
  - B. Genetic science was promoted globally.
  - C. New technologies were introduced.
  - D. Market demand for honey fell.
  
4. What is not true about *Apis mellifera*?
  - A. A healthy community is multigenerational.
  - B. Some can live in extreme environments.
  - C. Their activity determines food production policy.
  - D. It is a hybrid of different species.

5. Choose the appropriate word for (5).

- A. influence
- B. gather
- C. provide
- D. utilize
- E. invent

6. Choose the appropriate word for (6).

- A. domain
- B. realm
- C. landmass
- D. frontier
- E. territory

7. Word (7) means

- A. achieving
- B. polluting
- C. resting
- D. blooming
- E. straining

8. Choose the appropriate phrase for (8).

- A. in addition to
- B. such as
- C. rather than
- D. apart from
- E. as a result of

9. Choose the appropriate word for (9).

A. promote

B. invest

C. claim

D. outline

E. dedicate

Ⅱ. 次の英文を読み, 10~17の問題に最も適した答えを選べ。

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10. Lower-middle-class people tend to speak more “correctly” because
- A. linguistic discrimination begins at an early age.
  - B. anglophone speakers are perceived to be smarter than Francophone speakers.
  - C. people perceive others from how they sound when they talk.
  - D. people of the lower middle class typically speak better English.
11. Why does the author believe Justice Ruth Ginsberg feels she has less to “prove”?
- A. because of her current social status
  - B. because she speaks more correctly than the upper-middle-class
  - C. because she can suppress her working class accent
  - D. because of her work as a young litigator
12. Choose the correct word for (12).
- A. profoundly
  - B. socially
  - C. abundantly
  - D. chronically
  - E. strictly
13. What does the Canadian experiment mainly show?
- A. Perceptions about official languages inspired important social policies.
  - B. Physical appearance has an influence on advertising.
  - C. Friendliness, represented by language, was considered an important national character.
  - D. Languages considered inferior can also have attractive qualities.

14. Which is not a fact in Dr. Kinzler's book about sociolinguistics?
- A. Violent words have a higher shock value in adulthood compared to childhood.
  - B. For children before first grade people are dramatically labeled by the words they speak.
  - C. The structural hardware of the brain is greatly influenced by our first language.
  - D. Students in mid-year of primary school understand ethnicity does not change.
15. Since people perceive others from how they sound when they talk, what can we conclude is Dr. Kinzler's concern about linguistic discrimination?
- A. Identifying people of a higher class from language begins at an early age.
  - B. Transforming society to promote more social equality is very challenging.
  - C. English sounds more "correct" because speakers are perceived to be smarter.
  - D. Artists try to sound more "Black" because they feel evaluated by linguists.
16. Which of the following is the closest in meaning to the phrase (16) ?
- A. most people do not notice they express prejudice in their language
  - B. most people understand when there is bias against them
  - C. most people do not consciously discriminate nor react positively to bias
  - D. most people view prejudice as normal but desire to change it
17. What is closest in meaning to word (17) ?
- A. undergo
  - B. unconscious
  - C. unnatural
  - D. universal
  - E. unique

Ⅲ. 次の英文を読み、18～25の問題に最も適した答えを選べ。

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18. When the author says young people are (18), it is because
- A. they develop their own personal ability to analyze and assess information.
  - B. they are freed from stress and unpredictable daily life under the pandemic.
  - C. they will be able to put into practice worthwhile solutions to common misconceptions.
  - D. they recognize sci-fi as having value contrary to popular understanding.
19. Choose the most appropriate word for (19).
- A. stereotypes
  - B. values
  - C. realities
  - D. ambivalences
  - E. functions
20. Parents criticize sci-fi and fantasy literature as “ (20) ” because they believe
- A. distant settings of these stories bring children’s minds far away from social situations.
  - B. overcoming life’s difficulties is a skill learned through lived experiences.
  - C. young people learn about problems by reading exact reflections of reality.
  - D. compared to other genres in literature, the language and ideas are very simple.
21. Which situation explains parents’ feelings of (21) as in the text?
- A. People not liking movies because sitting with strangers is uncomfortable.
  - B. People not liking sports because being called a loser is insulting.
  - C. People not liking theater because stories are difficult to follow.
  - D. People not liking comedy shows because jokes use too much slang.

22. (22) in science fiction refers to
- A. social, economic and political problems unresolvable to young readers.
  - B. differences between young readers and powerful characters in stories.
  - C. observations provided to young readers of deep matters and situations.
  - D. liberation of young readers far away from uncomfortable and uncertain situations.
23. According to a recent study, what do science fiction and fantasy not bring to the minds of young readers?
- A. ability to communication with adults
  - B. ability to examine vague concepts
  - C. ability to apply science to reality
  - D. ability to comprehend social issues
24. How does science fiction literature inspire (24) in young readers?
- A. It increases their skills in scientific assessment.
  - B. It gives them the ability to take an objective view of problems.
  - C. It provides understanding of the lessons and morals society wants for them.
  - D. It frees them from the stress and unreliability of daily life under the pandemic.
25. Which sentence most likely represents the author's underlying idea for young people?
- A. They should protect themselves from experiencing complex realities.
  - B. They should gain their own way of dealing with complex realities.
  - C. They should acquire the ability to read science fiction and fantasy.
  - D. They should project their reality on science fiction and fantasy.